

Liberal Record Unprecedented In Achievements, Speaker Declares

Equitable Wealth Distribution Aim, Minister Asserts

Continued from Page One

tion be referred to the courts. We did this at the request of the provincial government. The decision has now been given.

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THIRTY MONTHS AGO

"But I repeat that the action taken by the dominion government in its way interfered with the pledges and promises made thirty months ago by the Social Credit party, pledges I promised, you remember, to fulfill within 18 months and by legal and constitutional means."

"I want to add at this time that the fantastic theories pursued by the advocates of Social Credit have retarded for years the work of those of us who sought real and practical measures of financial and economic reform."

In a fiery passage, accented by vigorous gestures, the speaker, then minister of finance, pleaded with Albertans to preserve their faith in honest reform, and to support the "my good friend, that fine western progressive reformer, Mr. Marshall, who has the right to say that a man will not be unreasonably forward."

The preamble to the act setting up the Bank of Canada was the Liberalism entrusted to the Canadian public instead of private ownership, as Mr. Marshall, the Conservative party wished, is "the greatest charter of financial liberty the dominion ever has issued."

SAVED IN MILLIONS

Attacking high interest rates, Mr. Mackenzie pointed out that in the past two years the Liberal government at Ottawa had saved close to \$10 million dollars by reduced interest as a result of refunding operations.

Had the Conservative government in 1931 acted upon his suggestion to restore "our debt to the lower interest rates of 3.56 per cent, there could have been saved, for the people of Canada, between \$5 and \$6 millions of dollars every year," the Liberal spokesman declared.

Attacking the Liberal record unprecedented in its achievements, Mr. Mackenzie said that the "great work of Jim Mackenzie" had been considered "unrealistic" by the government's advisers to the people and an incentive to it to continue its policies of reform and advanced legislation.

If unemployment insurance was to become a reality in Canada, he said, by the end of the year, 1938, Edmonton could do nothing better than show its desire to legislate by electing Bob Marshall, who stands committed to such a measure, on March 21 with a tripartite majority, Mr. Mackenzie continued.

"Vote for a united Canada against disunity," he pleaded. "Vote for cooperation against strife. Vote for unity against chaos."

MAINTAIN INTEGRITY

Applauding Bob Marshall's policy of refusing support to any scheme of railway amalgamation, the speaker urged workers out of employment, the cabinet minister officially rejected the determination of the Liberal party to maintain the integrity of the Canadian National Railway as a publicly owned and controlled institution.

Similar eulogy came from the speaker for Mr. Marshall's "intimate knowledge of and untiring work for the development of the empire of the north, far greater than all the inhabited portions of Canada."

Although calling the Conservative party "meritless" and "deserving to be driven with a flail," Mr. Mackenzie said the "eloquent tribute to your fellow-Albertan, Mr. Marshall, who has been a Conservative leader, for the sterling personal qualities and to the Conservative institutions that have been brought to public life."

He hoped that the coming Conservative convention, which will select a new leader, will wake up the party so that its principles will meet present-day needs.

TEXT OF ADDRESS

Consistent test of Mr. Mackenzie's address I find that the speaker has not only the opportunity and privilege again of addressing an Edmonton audience.

We all deeply regret the occasion of the by-election. I have had the privilege of knowing my former minister, Dr. W. H. Hall, both in the city of Vancouver and in parliament. He was a sincere, kindly gentleman, deeply interested in the welfare of his fellow-Albertans, and of humanity, one who has at all times taken an active part in public life.

All parties in the House of Commons sincerely regret his passing. I wish to convey to his family my warmest condolences and the sympathy of my fellow-members.

I have observed since coming to Edmonton that there are among the people here elevated standards of agreement with regard to public questions. But just as I find

believer in Liberal principles, respect the conviction of those who believe in Social Credit, and I am sure that we do not expect that any of you disagree with me on the subject of the Liberal party.

We have in this contest three political parties. One of the C.C.F. has not yet decided to put in a candidate. We may assume that all the candidates command the confidence of the parties and groups who honored them with their nominations. It would be out of place for me as a visitor to comment on these groups.

AFFECTS PRINCIPLES

Yours is to be the judgment and the decision—and that is as it should be—but the decision affects not only the candidates but the principles of the parties that they represent before the electorate.

It is not to be the pleasure of knowing the other candidates, I do know the standard bearer of the Liberal party, Mr. Marshall, and I am proud and happy indeed to welcome him from British Columbia to the city of Edmonton.

Mr. Marshall's colleague, Bob Marshall, has said the actualities of this campaign. It is in fact a contest between a representative of the Liberal party and a representative of the Conservative party.

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Then we have another party—and it is with some difference that I am in the heart of Alberta I undertake to discuss the policies of that party. But you will recall that I look a modest part in the last provincial election here and I should like to recapitulate briefly some of the promises then made by me first before the words of Major Douglas before the agricultural problems of the Alberta legislature in April, 1934.

"I do not mean," he said, "I do mean others could prepare a plan which in three months would place Alberta forever outside the bounds of poverty."

With regard to Major Douglas's theory of Social Credit, a well-known royal commission in Australia only a few months ago, after studying for months on end the theories and philosophy of Major Douglas, presented a report of which this is the essential part:

NO PERMANENT TREND

The commission held that "there is no permanent trend towards a more equalizing power." That is correct—the shortage is not inherent in the economic system of our country, but there is an uneven and unequal distribution of purchasing power.

As a result the government set up a commission to make a thorough examination of the constitutional position, of the taxation difficulties, of the interlocking jurisdictions of dominion, provinces and municipalities.

In my opinion this is the most important task that was ever assigned to any royal commission in the history of Canada. I do hope and entreat that all the provinces of Confederation, regardless of the personal feelings of their governments, will lay their submissions before the royal commission, so that out of this writer of conflicting ideas and jurisdictions we may be able to evolve an amended B.N.A. act which will enable us to solve our problems in a spirit of co-operation and mutual helpfulness.

And when the dominion disclosed the bargaining position which he not just that they were unconstitutional—that could have been left to the courts—it was because they clash and interfered with the operation of existing dominion law legislation enacted.

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Those measures were largely re-enacted and when the present governor refused his assent Premier Aberhart requested that the act be referred to the courts. We did this at the request of the provincial government and the decisions have now been given.

I do not intend to dwell any further on that phase of the subject because it appears possible that these questions may yet be reviewed by another court.

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Pay the dividends of \$25 a month to every adult; Grant interest free loans to farmers.

To arrange just prices for producers and consumers; To reduce unemployment; To reduce taxation;

To abolish debt, public and private; To provide food, clothing and shelter for every man, woman and child.

And to do all this legally and constitutionally within 18 months. I want to add at this time the fantastic theories pursued by the advocates of Social Credit have retarded for years the work of those of us who sought real and practical measures of financial and economic reform.

PRESERVE VISION

Nevertheless the firm enthusiasm and energy for reform that has been so misdirected in this province must not be lost. Let us preserve the faith and the vision for financial reform—and organize that strength and vigor behind that fine western progressive reformer Bob Marshall.

For my part I intend to continue as I have done all the time to the policy of the common man.

Now I come to the time policy of the Liberal party. We have been in office for over two years and our work has been working and it has resulted to show:

The policy and platform of the Liberal party, as set out in the policy principles of action, was laid down in definite language by the leader of the party, Mr. Mackenzie, on February 17, 1935. It was endorsed by Canada, endorsed by the National Liberal Federation and was the basis of the nation-wide appeal made to the electors in 1935.

Our pledges have been kept. Action has been taken on every point.

There were three classes of planks or policies in that platform—those that required immediate action, those that were taken—those that indicate the party faith on the subject of social reform—and those that were affected by the constitutional issue resulting from Mr. Bennett's legislation of 1935.

WARNED BENNETT

While we were in opposition we warned the Prime Minister, Mr. Bennett, that he might be committing a great crime against the people of Canada if he allowed the legislation he was attempting to enact were found to be unconstitutional and the people who were counting upon it so heavily should be disappointed.

Representative

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We pledged ourselves to electoral reform and probably before the present session is over you may hear more about corrupt electoral practices. For the past two years we have had a parliamentary committee representing all parties engaged in an exhaustive study and I am glad to be able to inform you that their report is now practically ready. Furthermore I believe their report will be met by the government introducing the most severe electoral law ever known for the purpose of abolishing corrupt practices.

One of the planks of our platform was for the more equitable distribution of wealth. This plank emphasized the belief of Liberatorism that personally is more sacred than property—that we must strive to find ways and means of effecting a fair and just distribution of wealth with increasing regard to human need and to the betterment of social justice.

This is of course, a long range policy, not to be effected by a single act of parliament. But if we continue to remember the ideal of Liberatorism in this regard we can and we will press on and on through various enactments and administrative

gled to see that legislation has now been placed before the members of the House of Commons by which those who are unfit and those who are partially fit shall receive the benefits of the veteran's allowance at the age of 55—a program which will require about \$2,000,000 a year from the public treasury.

This is a noble work for a noble purpose. Let me now review some of the other activities of the government related directly to the various planks of our platform. I think I shall be able to show you that 90 per cent of the pledges we made to

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Equitable Wealth Distribution Aim, Minister Asserts

**CANADA'S
CHARTERED BANKS
VALUE YOUR GOODWILL**

Your local branch bank manager will be glad to talk banking with you. He will be glad to answer your questions, from the standpoint of his own experience. The next article in this series will appear in this newspaper. Watch for it.

per cent. Our trade with the United States has increased by 5 per cent, and our trade with the United Kingdom, by 30 per cent.

We pledged ourselves to assist in the issue and I hope that, on May 21, you will vote to associate yourself with the forces of orderly progress.

The Liberal party does not intend another member to increase

Miss Andrienne will be in atten
3 Coupons from Nash's Tea, Coff

From Handwriting
 4:30 Thursday from 2:30 to 4:30
 or Cocoa entitles you to one Free

our Groceries. One afternoon only—so be on hand
Analysis. **COME EARLY.**

KEEP THE HOME FIRES
BURNING—SEE HEADING 27
IN BULLETIN WANT-ADS

SECOND SECTION

Bulletin

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE

EDMONTON, ALBERTA—MONDAY, MARCH 7, 1938

BULLETIN WANT-ADS
REACH 70,000 READERS
EVERY DAY

PAGE NINE

Legislative Committee To Investigate Relief

Men Today Must Exemplify Belief Rabbi Eisen Says

Speaker Appeals For Tolerance To All and
Abandonment Of Any Belief In Racial
Or Religious Superiority

What is needed in this age is not men and women to teach religion, but to "live religion," said Rabbi J. J. Eisen, of the Congregation Beth Shalom, in an earnest sermon Sunday afternoon on The Bulletin's radio church program, "Sunday Meditations," in which he appealed for tolerance to all and the abandonment of any belief in racial or religious superiority.

Rabbi Eisen expressed the sympathy of the Jewish people of Edmonton at the passing of Archbishop H. J. O'Leary, head of the Roman Catholic archdiocese of Edmonton, who died Saturday.

Complete text of Rabbi Eisen's sermon on "All Human Life is One" follows:

BOOK OF JONAH
If you asked me to name one book in the Bible that would sum up the lofty teachings of the prophets of Israel I would select for your study the book of Jonah. I would want you, however, to go beyond the "whore story" for to me it would appear the author of this book had intended this to be but an incident in the preaching of a great message.

That the whale swallowed him is believed by multitudes. The whale is an afraid, did more than that. He swallowed the mortal of the book of Jonah.

The unknown author of the Book of Jonah is an afraid, did more than that. He swallowed the mortal of the book of Jonah.

He said that the just and reasonable people of returned men.

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MINISTER OF DEFENCE GETS BIG WELCOME Problems Will Be Aired At Inquiry Starting Mar. 17

1,000 Edmonton Returned
Men Pay Tribute to Minister of Defence

Returned soldiers, 1,000 strong, gathered at the Memorial Hall Sunday afternoon to pay tribute to Hon. Ian MacKenzie, federal minister of defence, as a former comrade-in-arms in France.

Practically all of the returned men who were in the front lines of the war were present. Later he was given an ovation lasting several minutes when he rose to address the gathering.

On the platform with Mr. MacKenzie were Mr. J. J. Eisen, president of the Canadian Legion, who acted as emcee, and Col. T. C. Sims, president of the Army and Navy Veterans.

Mr. MacKenzie was accompanied by Mr. J. J. Eisen, president of the Canadian Legion, who acted as emcee, and Col. T. C. Sims, president of the Army and Navy Veterans.

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FARMER FOUND DEAD IN BUSH NEAR LACOMBE

Believed to have been accidentally
struck by his own rifle when the
trigger caught in a bush as he bent
to pick it up, John McFarlane, a
farmer living a few miles south of
Lacombe, was found dead Sunday
afternoon in the bush near his
farm.

Police are holding Herb Coghill, a
man on McFarlane's farm, for
questioning at an inquest which
will be held at Lacombe on Tuesday.

Discovery of the man was made
by Coghill, police reported. They
said Coghill reported he had gone
to the farm on Thursday night and
found the man lying in the bush
near the farm.

McFarlane was a well-known
farmer in the area. He was
found lying in the bush near his
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I Saw Today

Meeting up sunshine and chilly
temperatures in a spring and winter
weather, the weather man forecast
Edmonton in a varied program of
temperatures during the week-end.

The warmest Sunday reading being
34 above, registered at 3 p.m., and
the coldest over the two-day period
was a nippy 2 above, registered
between 5 and 8 a.m. Sunday.

Slightly higher was the lowest
reading Monday morning, a mere
4 above, registered at 8 a.m. By
9 a.m. the temperature had climbed
up to 13 above, and the forecast
at that time was given as
"fair, not much change in temperature."

Grouse was the low below zero
reading in our north end at 8 a.m.
Monday, having a reading of 2
below the line. Closest to that mark
was above 4 at 10 a.m. The
highest of the marks in the region
was a nippy 26 above, registered
at Pelican.

Man Arrested On
Assault Charge

Constables Alvin Keating and
Jack Langford of the city police
arrested a man Sunday morning
as George Edwardson at the corner
of 10th and 13th streets, charged
with indecent assault Saturday
night.

Edwardson, a man of 35, was
arrested after being seen by the
police in a compromising position
with a woman.

Edwardson was taken to the
police station and is now being
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2 ABOVE IS LOWEST MARK OVER WEEK-END

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SPRING CLEANING SPECIALS

GERM-FREE CLEANING
SPRING COATS 50c
Ladies' 2-piece SUITS 50c
Ladies' 2-piece SUITS 50c
TIES 5c
Ladies' 2-piece SUITS 50c
COATS 50c
DRESSES 50c
PHONE 2515

DOLLAR CLEANERS

1051 Jasper Avenue, 10254 102nd Avenue,
Factory, 308 10th Avenue.

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Who's Who

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REVIEW BOARD FINISHES WORK IN SOUTH AREA

